

Strategic Development Framework For



Prepared By YATTA Strategic Development Framework Committee

The Strategic Development Framework for Yatta has been prepared by representatives from the local council, civil society organizations, and citizens of Yatta, and we do express our gratitude to all who contributed throughout the different phases of developing this SDF:

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| Name | Committee | Coordinator/ Member | Institution | Position |
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| Al-Sheikh Husien Isma'eel | Security & Threats Committee | Member | Yatta Municipality | Municipality Deputy Head |

Terminology and Definitions

| Tern | Terminology and Definitions | | | | |
|------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| No. | Term | Definition | | | |
| 1 | Strategic Development Frame- work | The Strategic Development Framework (SDF) guides the development of a long-term collective vision for a community (village/city/city/cluster/amalgamated council and/or municipality) through a participatory planning process and identifies long-term development priorities from which a medium-term Community Integrated Development Plan and a short-term sector-based Investment Plan are prepared. | | | |
| 2 | Community Mapping | Collection, information and development indicators' classification of all information relevant to the local community, covering major thematic areas related to sustainable community development. | | | |
| 3 | Community Development Vision | The envisioned future the city/city aspires to reach in a specified period of time, often extending to 15 - 20 years. | | | |
| 4 | Strategic Thrusts | Strategic development objectives that serve more than one development thematic area and, is considered to respond to high priorities in the local community. | | | |
| 5 | Community Integrated Development Plan | Strategic development plans, devised in accordance with the development vision and strategic goals of the local community. It is a mid-term action plan (4 years) that includes specific objectives, development fields or action areas, development initiatives, as well as the expected outcomes and indicators. | | | |
| 6 | Investment Plans | Short-term plans (one - two years), derived from the Community Integrated Development Plan. It contains specific development projects, formulated by the local institutions, individually or collectively. These institutions share the responsibility of project implementation, monitoring and evaluation in cooperation with the Local Council. | | | |
| 7 | Stakeholders | Entities and institutions representing the local community in the development process, which could, positively or negatively, affect or become affected by the process of community development. It includes representatives from the public sector, the private sector and civil society organizations such as women and youth clubs and associations, and charitable and cultural societies, in addition to representatives from different social groups such as children, senior citizens, marginalized neighborhoods, public figures, etc. | | | |
| 8 | Stakeholders Committee | A committee comprises of heads of the organizations representative for stakeholders participating in the process of strategic development planning. | | | |
| 9 | Development Themes | Development Themes often reflect and express the constraints to local community development. They reflect the weakness or challenges affecting the various development fields. They may also highlight positive aspects and strengths, that may be developed or used as a basis for further development. The development needs or issues may be considered as guiding tools during the development planning process and the adoption of development goals by the community. | | | |
| 10 | Analysis of Development Areas | An in-depth identification of the main development areas (i.e. major and minor causes for each area) as well as the determination of the impact of their presence. The analysis of development issues helps generate a deeper understanding of these issues and facilitates the formulation of possible solutions, interventions or activities to address or overcome their causes. | | | |
| 11 | Analysis of key Strategic Objectives | Strategic objectives are analyzed against development areas in order to identify a range of initiatives and means for the realization of these objectives in addition to the identification of the overall goals key objectives strive to achieve. | | | |

| No | o. Term | Definition |
|----|---|---|
| 12 | Regional Context | A description of the determinants, opportunities and perspectives resulting from the interaction of different elements (e.g. geographic, social and economic) between adjacent citys towns sharing common interests. |
| 13 | Strategic Development Framework Committee | A group of stakeholder representatives responsible for the management of and the participation in the Strategic Development Framework process. |
| 14 | Technical Committees | A number of specialized working groups comprised of local experts in certain areas (such as health, infrastructure etc.) whose contribution to the planning process is basically technical (such as needs analysis and formulation of development initiatives). |
| 15 | Team of Experts | A group of development experts and specialists in various development areas who are consulted or contracted to provide the needed technical support and guide the local council through the strategic development planning process. |
| 16 | Researchers | A group of persons who are assigned the tasks of collecting information on and indicators of the various development sectors from their primary and secondary sources, in accordance with the adopted mechanism. |

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Introduction

The Strategic Development framework for Yatta was produced through the support from the Local Democratic Reform Program— Tawasol - funded by the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), implemented by CHF International in consultation and coordination with the Ministry of Local Government.

At the very core of the strategic development planning is the principle of active community participation upon which the SDF was devised in close consultation with the municipality, citizens, institutions, and civil society organizations in the city. The plan was developed in pursuance of the relevant policies of the Ministry of Local Government within the framework of strategic development planning project.

This document provides the strategic development framework for Yatta for the following sixteen years. It presents a summary of the situational analysis of the city along with the common development vision agreed-upon by the stakeholders participating in this endeavor. After the needs assessment phase, working committees collaborated in defining and analyzing key development issues, as well as determining the general strategic objectives capable of realizing the development vision and the key strategic objectives derived from the analysis in accordance with the priority setting and determination methodology.

Statement of Yatta Municipality

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By the Name of Allah, the Almighty, the All Merciful

And Peace and Blessings Be upon His Prophet Mohammad,

This document comes to outline the future development work frameworks for Yatta for the next (16) years. We have been keen, directly after we assumed positions in Yatta Municipality, to resume the Strategic Development Framework tasks. Due to firm belief in the principle of Good Governance, enhancing democracy and the thirteenth government document for Dr. Salam Fayyad State, which aims at putting an end to occupation and announcing the establishment of the modern democratic state, we have blessed the efforts of the participating committees while this document comes as the fruit of a hard continuous work based on a wide community participation among Yatta citizens, who have investigated their city's capacities from all perspectives; identified their development problems and issues and finally devised their vision for their city in the future and in accordance with their compulsory needs and hopes towards a better future.

The Strategic Development Framework project is regarded as a pioneering experience in the history of Yatta Municipality, which have has been marginalized for many decades, and planning was excluded to public employees without any participation from citizens in defining their needs. This project comes to reinforce the principle of community partnership in all work phases, therefore, all stakeholder committees took part in the development process throughout by defining development thrusts, strategic goals and initiative priorities that meet the community needs and aspirations, and represent a reference for the community legitimacy, the government and future donors.

In pursuance of growth, development and correct proceeding, a modern scientific methodology has been employed in strategic planning in addition to modern tools in presenting technical and administrative support for the staff who devised Yatta's development plan, represented through strategic analysis in all phases starting from internal environment analysis, spotting strengths to reinforce and weaknesses to handle, studying the external environment in order to capture available opportunities while at the same time, avoid potential threats and dangers. As the city is challenged by the scarcity of water resources, some of our strategies have depended on external funding, thus the last phase of the Strategic Framework development is called Fundraising, to search for all possible resources and implement projects that develop and improve services rendered to citizens.

In an attempt to establish effective and deficient efficient organizations, the work included devising a Strategic Development Framework that includes all sectors and bodies influenced, negatively or positively, with the process of development. In addition, focus has been placed on Yatta Strategic Development Framework through the services it renders for citizens.

ConcludingFinally, we express gratitude to all partners in this project- CHF International that who provided us with a golden opportunity for the city's development & advancement through planning for its citizens' future. We also thank all who contributed to preparing, devising and implementing the plan. Moreover, we do promise to keep the teamwork spirit to achieve Yatta's vision and mission employing all possible capacities to implement its initiatives and meet its development needs and services.

Municipality Mayor Zahran Abu Qbeeta

The Aim of the Strategic Development Framework

This document aims at presenting the Strategic Development Framework that outlines the future development interventions needed to bring Yatta from its current status closer to the community-wide shared vision during the 16 years to come. The Strategic Development Framework lays the foundations of joint action in achieving the top-priority strategic objectives set forth in the successive development plans of four years. If achieved – the plan would be instrumental in closing the existing gap and would contribute greatly to the city's success and potentials to achieve its future vision.

Methodology

During the preparation of the Strategic Development Framework, local councils, participating committees and citizens of Yatta followed the phases, tools and mechanisms recommended by the Local Councils Guide to Strategic Development Planning, which the Ministry of Local Government has approved and adopted.

In the beginning, necessary technical support was provided by a local consulting firm. To jump start the project, a community meeting was held for the city's residents and institutions in order to introduce the strategic planning project, its desired objectives and expected outcomes. As a result of this meeting, two committees were formed; the Stakeholders Committee and the Strategic Development Framework Committee.

The next step involved a community mapping or survey, prepared by a team of researchers, with the purpose of collecting information and data on all aspects of development in Yatta. The survey reflected the current status of the city, its available resources and potential capacities. In parallel, a number of training workshops were held to introduce members and coordinators of committees to the SDF planning methodology and tools, and to define and clarify various roles and responsibilities.

In Yatta, a number of development thematic areas were defined; namely: 1) Public Health and Environment, 2) Education, 3) Infrastructure (water, electricity, roads), 4) Planning and Zoning, 5) Water and Sewage Lines, 6) Women, Children, Youth and Sports, 7) Economic Development, 8) Security and Threats.

Moreover, a number of specialized committees were created, one for each of the specified development sectors. The committees conducted a SWOT and strategic analysis of the current situation so as to identify strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats of each field. In addition, stakeholder identification analysis was conducted in order to determine their potential impact and possible ways for their involvement in the development process. Accordingly, a detailed diagnostic study of all development sectors was prepared, taken into account the outputs of strategic analysis and documentation process, undertaken by the technical and special committees, in addition to official reports and statistical data.

The next phase aimed at the formulation of a shared development vision for the city that was conducted through a joint workshop for the Stakeholders' Committee and the Strategic Development Framework Committee. The shared vision has been based on the local needs, potentials and capacities taking into consideration the regional and national contexts, and the community's aspirations for a better future for Yatta.

Following the formulation of the development vision, the Strategic Development Framework and the Technical Committees, held several discussion workshops and brainstorming sessions to identify and analyze the development issues areas within every development sector, and their root causes and impact. Based on that, the overall strategic objectives were set forth to lay the foundation for the pursuance of the city's development vision for the next (16) years, followed by the selection of development areas to address the main outcomes during the timeframe covered by the Strategic Development Framework.

Given the scarcity of the city's resources compared to current and future needs, the development priorities and key strategic objectives (strategic thrusts) were selected in accordance to a certain evaluation or assessment mechanism, which comprised a number of vital criteria that will prioritize the areas of intervention for the next four years. The most important criteria in the assessment tool included, among others, the following: the extent in which the strategic objective overlaps with more than one development thematic area; the degree of consistency between this objective and the shared development vision; and the degree of partnership among the various sectors (i.e. the public, private and civil society sectors).



Getting started

Situation Analysis

Preparing the community collective vision

Identification & Analysis of Development Issues

Identification of overall Strategic Objectives

Identification of Key Strategic Objectives

Identification of development initiatives and community integrated development plans

Preparation of Investment Plan

Mobilization & Fundraising

Monitoring & Evaluation

The main resultant strategic objectives are employed in the first integrated development strategic movefor Yatta(for 4 years) including development initiatives and performance indicators which are deemed necessary for implementation. What follows these 4-year development plans are investment plans within the basic development are aspreviously defined. After all, community's organizations, each in its specialization, either collaboratively or separately, start preparing these investment plans within one-two years for each.

Strategic Development Planning Framework



Stages (1-6) depict phases of developing Strategic Development Framework (SDF)

The Local Community's Strategic Development Framework:

Getting Started

Situation Analysis

Preparing the Community Collective Vision

Identification & Analysis of Development Issues

Identification of Overall Strategic Objectives

Identification of Key Strategic Objectives

Identification of Development Initiatives and Community Integrated Development Plans

Preparation of Investment Plans

Mobilization & Fundraising

Monitoring & Evaluation

As mentioned earlier, the implementation of the Community Integrated Development Plan requires the translation of the development initiatives within the plan into specific projects to be adopted by the local institutions in all sectors. Institutions should incorporate the projects into their short-term (i.e. 1 - 2 years) investment plans, that should be carried out within a clear partnership framework delineating the responsibilities and roles of each partner as well as the adopted mechanisms for monitoring and evaluation.

Overview of Yatta

Located 12 kilometers to the south South of Hebron, Yatta is considered the second biggest city in the governorate in terms of population and area. It constitutes 25% of the total area of the governorate. Yatta is surrounded by Zeif and Khillat Al-Maiyeh villages to the eastEast; Al-Heela village, Wad As-Sadah Complex, Al-Reihiya village and Al-Fuwwar camp in the northNorth; while in the westWest, there exists Beit Amra village; As-Samou' city in the south South west West and Khallat Saleh village in the south South eastEast. The city is also surrounded by a number of settlements constructed by occupation on its lands including: (Karmel), (Ma'oun), (Beit Ya'eer), and (Sousiya) among several others. Yatta is 820 m above sea level, and have the following geographical coordinates: 159 to the eastEast and 95 to the north North (159.000 East, 95.000 North), while latitudes and longitudes are: (32° 26' 50 N) and (35° 5' 43 E).

The city's old history is originated in Canaanites', where they lived in Palestine in the previous eras, and gave the city the name "Yutta" which means the flat land. Whereas the city got the name "Letaem" in the Roman era but the Old City itself was established in the Ottoman era. It is known as the city in which Prophet Zakariya settled in and had his son Yahya, peace be upon them, and which Virgin Mary visited when she came to see Yahya's mother.

Yatta's physical plan covers 24.,552 dunums, while the whole city area is 174.,172. Its residents are estimated, according to the Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics, to 52.,600 with an annual population growth exceeding 3.5% although local studies estimate the population as more than 60.,000. Yatta has been classified within (A) areas following the peace convention between Palestinian Authority and Israel, and (B) municipality depending on the administrative classification of the country's municipalities at the Ministry of Local Government.

The city has a warm climate and an annual rainfall of about 300 mm. Its annual minimum temperature is 7.3° C whereas the annual maximum temperature is 22.9° C. In addition, Yatta's annual temperature range is around 13.2 ° C.

Development Vision of Yatta

The collective vision for Yatta was based on the situational analysis of Yatta and the diagnosis of its local resources and parameters. The process has taken into account the regional and national contexts as well as the future aspirations of its residents through a broad participation of representatives of its institutions, organizations and various committees in the planning process which included a large number of consultative sessions and workshops.

The following is the collective vision for Yatta:

"Yatta is a green governorate which enjoys a wise administration and advanced economic, social and health infrastructure. It, and is significant for its Arab Islamic character"

Development Analysis

At the early stages of the SDF process, a survey was conducted with the local community in order to collect information and data on all of the key areas of development in Yatta. This survey mapped out the city's resources and capabilities as well as its services and institutions. A wide range of development themes and key areas was defined through the analysis of the current situation and the strategic analysis of each key area in order to define its strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats. Consequently, a detailed diagnostic study was prepared on all key development areas, based on the results of the SMART analysis and the strategic analysis conducted by the Specialized Technical Committees, taking into account various statistical data and official reports.

The following is a summary of the aforementioned diagnosis, abridged from the full diagnostic report prepared by the Strategic Development Framework Committee during the early stages of the planning process.

Yatta development vision has outlined the future vision which represents citizens' aspirations, taking in consideration Yatta's local and national capacities. They seek –through the next - \\Tyearsvision- to achieve sustainable development and establish a large governorate with wise administration, keeping at the same time, civilized, historical Arab and Islamic originality based on the city's Arab identity and inherited history in addition to its historical sites. The cCitizens enhance their vision through the national plan which seeks to preserve historical and civilized heritage for Palestinian cities and towns.

Yatta citizens also seek to develop the city's infrastructure to be consistent with its large population growth; the city needs a modern significant development for infrastructure including roads, transportation, telecommunications, water & electricity services, especially that infrastructure development is the basis for economic growth and prosperity.

Yatta's citizens turn towards benefiting from material and human local resources in an attempt to improve the city's local economy while at the same time, preserveing the coherent social relations, especially that Yatta is overwhelmed by tribalism. The development vision highlights the health sector as a foreground for prosperity, development and making available a healthy life for citizens, particularly through the existence of many associations working in the field of health- governmental, NGO or private, which all work for improving the health and environmental conditions of the city.

Planning and Zoning

According In the 2007, the Palestinian Central Bureau for Statistics estimated Yatta's Ppopulation at Census conducted by the Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics, the population of Yatta was estimated to47,466people. This figure represents only the total number of residents inside the official municipal borders of Yatta municipality. The current estimation puts the population figure closer to 60,000 people. Almost half of this number (50.4%) is comprised of the age group (15-65 years), while children less than 15 years old are the second largest group (47.3%) and a small percentage (2.3%) of senior citizens are above the age of 65. Based on the annual population growth rate in Hebron area (3.5%), the estimated population in for the next 16 years, divided over a 4-years intervals (2014, 2018, 2022, 2026), are: (60,390), (69,299), (79,522), and (91,253), respectively.

The total area of Yatta is estimated toat: 174,172 dunums of which 24,552 dunums are included within the physical plan area. In terms of land use, the total area is distributed as follows: residential areas (16,635 dunums), roads and transportation (2,472 dunums), industrial areas (1,000 dunums), public land (797) and commercial areas (797 dunums).

The most important of development issuesKey development areas identified under planning and zoning areinclude:

- 1. Weakness of land use and planning in the current physical plan.
- Inadequate financial and specialized human resources.
- 3. Low level of public awareness of land use and planning.

II. Social Development (Education, Health, Women, Children, Youth and sports)

About 90% of residents in Yatta are literate, thanks to the presence of 31 functioning schools and a branch of AL-Quds Open University which educates 2,000 male and female students. Generally, the educational sector is characterized by weak school infrastructure and facility shortage (laboratories, specialized rooms, etc.), high students – class room ratio (i.e. over-crowdedness), and the inadequate geographical distribution of schools since the majority are located amidst few overpopulated areas and along main roads.

The most important of development issuesKey development areas identified under education areinclude:

- 1. School over-crowdedness
- 2. Lack of interest in education as well as Llow quality of education.

As for health, services are provided by a governmental hospital, more than 20 clinics, and numerous pharmacies and health centers. Nevertheless, there are important challenges such as the low quality of services and the insufficient number of specialized health personnel and governmental health centers, and services provided by the hospitals. There is also a need for specialized services and facilities such as operation rooms and kidney dialysis units. Furthermore, environmental pollution is a health hazard due to the lack of waste water network among other pollutants.

The most important of development issuesKey development areas identified under education areinclude:

- 1. Low quality of available health services
- 2. Water pollution

In terms of social development, many institutions are active in the area of women, children and youth development. There are many women's associations, youth clubs, cultural centers, and a center for the rehabilitation of people with special needs. In addition, there are two child daycare centers and two football stadiums, one of which is of international specifications.

The most important of development issuesKey development areas identified under women, children and youth development areas areinclude:

Infrastructure shortages for the development of women, youth and children.

- 1. Lack of institutional interests in the youth development.
- 2. Lack of institutional interest in women' empowerment.

Local Economic Development:

Yatta is well known for its quarries and its stone-cutting and marble industry while the current physical plan designates an area for an industrial zone. The agricultural sector is also large, as it has 92,000 dunums of cultivated areas, the majority of which are rain-fed while irrigated agriculture is marginal (only 76 dunums). However, agriculture is challenged by weak marketing and water shortages (supplied by water networks or through low rainfall) which necessitate a dependence on rain-fed farming.

The most important of development issuesKey development areas identified under local economic development areinclude:

Difficulty in marketing agricultural products.

Widespread unemployment

Weak economic establishments

Weak domestic and external tourism.

Lack of interest in agricultural sector.

Infrastructure and Public Services (Roads, Electricity, Water)

The current road network includes the 6 main entrances of a total length of 20 km, 25% of which are in good condition and 75% in need for maintenance. The 130 km of internal roads include 28 in good condition, 52 in need for maintenance, and the remaining are dirt roads. The problems in the area of transport and road network can be summarized in its weak infrastructure and traffic system.

About 97% of electricity is supplied by the Southern Electricity Company (SELCO) in which Yatta Municipality is among the largest shareholders. But the major problems lie in: citizens' default or delay in paying their month pills and the ensuing debt, prominence of aerial extension and power lines, and high percentage of loss in the networks.

The water network serves most of the city, and there are water tanks with good capacity and in good locations in terms of altitude. However, acute shortages in water supply and a high loss rate are the major problems; combined with the absence of As-Built drawings for the internal network. Additional challenges to the water harvest in the city include the natural population growth rate, the Israeli control of water sources and the settlement use of the same water source of Yatta, lack of water sources, and low annual rainfall rate.

The following are the most important issuesKey development areas identified under infrastructure and public services:

Prominence of aerial power lines

- 1. Inadequacy of the current electricity network
- 2. Weak roads infrastructure
- 3. Shortages of water sources and supplies.

V. Public Health and Environment (Solid Waste and Waste Water)

In the absence of a waste water network, Yatta relies on cesspits (3% solid and 97% porous) for the collection of waste water which is then pumped in special septic tanks for disposal in the same sewage stream of Hebron Municipality which passes through Yatta for 9 km. Solid waste is collected and transferred to Al-Rafaa'eya joint landfill serving Hebron city and other areas to be burned or buried.

The most important development issuesKey development areas identified under public health and environmentareenvironment include:

Piling and improper treatment of solid waste in the regional landfill

Weak environmental awareness among the public

Waste water and the lack of waste water system.

VI. Public Safety and Security

Yatta is affected by the presence and the impacts of Israeli Occupation and its suppressive measures and settlements. However, public safety and security is handled by a Civil Defense center and a police station in the city which does not have sufficient number of police vehicles.

The most important development issuesKey development areas identified under public safety and security areinclude:

Weakness of the main elements and pre-requisites for public safety and security.

Overall Strategic Objectives

Based on the development issues identified under each field, the overall strategic objectives that contribute to addressing such areas were also identified. Moreover, another set of strategic objectives were added since they are directly linked to the achievements of all aspects of the shared development vision (i.e. outside the scope of current issues).

The following are the overall objectives or goals associated with the development areas and a list of those strategic goals. It should be noted that the performance indicators and their values are long-term as they span the period of the strategic development framework.

Infrastructure and Public Services

Main Overall Objectives: "Encourage organized urban expansion and develop public services and networks of water, electricity and transportation in order to improve the quality of public services"

| No | Key Strategic Objectives | Key Result Area | Key Results | Indicators |
|----|---|--|--|--|
| 1. | Develop electricity network & improve its services | Citizens satisfaction of electricity services Technical & human capacities of the Electricity Company Electricity network Public culture & attitudes | Public satisfaction of the electricity services they receive A regular mountainous system for the electricity network. Electricity company equipped with necessary equipment & qualified human resources A reliable, adequate & effective electricity network | A minimum of 95% of citizens' satisfaction by electricity services 100% of households & establishments are connected to the electricity network 100% of pre-paid subscriptions Electrical current capacity that meets all needs Loss rate within the network is within the technically acceptable levels Collection rate of 100% in due time. 100% use of insulated cables in power lines & extensions |
| 2. | Develop real estate and housing sector, & improve land use & investment | Physical plan Ministry of Housing Investors Investment infrastructure Land settlement & division | Allocation of areas in the physical plan for housing projects A legislative & regula- tory environment that encourages real estate investment Availability of hous- ing for limited income groups | Percentage of areas designated for housing projects Total area of residential areas in the physical plan Number of housing units |
| 3. | Strengthen public awareness of land use | Improved public culture & attitudes to physical planning & zoning | Higher public adher- ence to the physical plan Automated processes of physical planning & its implementation | Percentage & consistency of actual adherence to the physical plan |

| No | Key Strategic Objectives | Key Result Area | Key Results | Indicators |
|----|---|---|--|--|
| 4. | Develop potential sources & supplies of drinking water | Water transfer & distribution network Artesian wells Public culture & attitudes towards water consumption & rationalization | Effective & efficient water distribution system serving the entire community Ensure availability of water supplies for various needs & uses | 100% of house-holds are connected to the water network A minimum of 120 liters of daily water supply per person 100% use of prepaid subscriptions (with 95% of water bills collection) |
| 5. | Establish a waste water system | Waste water system Public awareness of the importance of con- necting their homes to the waste water network & discontinu- ing the use of porous cesspits | A waste water system serving the entire community A healthy environment that corresponds to the minimum standards of pollution Increased public awareness of environmental problems & protection methods | |
| 6. | Develop & improve the network of roads & transportation | Main entrances to the city Network of internal roads Sidewalks Connecting roads Traffic system Agricultural roads | Advanced infrastructure for the network of internal & external roads A modern traffic system Dirt-free roads Lit sidewalks & circles planted with ornamental trees | Traffic is organized in all internal & external roads All internal roads are rehabilitated in accordance to the physical plans 80% of roads meet the needs of persons with special needs Decrease in traffic accidents to 25% Total length of rehabilitated sidewalks & road circles |
| 7. | Develop the institutional capacities for the application of Good Governance & advanced management | Governmental institu- tions Civil society organiza- tions Private sector Corporate social re- sponsibility | Institutions & individuals adopting the principles of modern management & Good Governance in an efficient & sustainable manner | 80% of institutions apply the principles & practices of Good Governance |

Public Health and Environment

Overall Objective: "Provide distinguished environmental services and ensure the availability of pollution and disease - free clean environment"

| | lo | Key Strategic Objec- | | Key Results | Indicators |
|----|----|--|---|---|---|
| | | tives | | | |
| 1. | | Improve the basic element & pre-requisites for public health & clean environment | | mum standards of pol- lution Increased public | covered by waste wa- ter system Full adherence to the national conditions & criteria of environmen- |
| 2. | | Maintain public health | Artesian wells | | 100% of water well are |
| | | & limit pollution | Ground water network | -free drinking water that meet s the speci- | pollution – free |
| | | | Private rain-fall collection wells | fied standard of health | |
| | | | Personnel of the mu- nicipal Water Depart- ment | | |
| 3. | | | | Daily collection of solid waste from residential neighborhoods | |
| | | ment system | | Clean roads & public | Number of garbage collection per week |
| | | | nicipal Solid Waste Department | | A field indicator of |
| | | | Personnel of the mu- | Enhanced scenery Citizens' satisfaction | neighborhoods & roads free of dirt, gar- |
| | | | | An effective system for the collection, transfer & treatment of solid waste | bage and obstacles |
| 4 | | Maintain public health & limit pollution | | A licensed slaughter- | Number of times of slaughters examina- |
| | | a minic policion | Public awareness of environmental protec- | Prevent pollution by | tion & monitoring |
| | | | tion | consumed meats | Percentage of licensed |
| | | | | Facilitate market mon- itoring | slaughterhouses |
| | | | | Meats medically monitored by specialized doctors | |
| | | | | Prevent environmental pollution resulted from throwing away random slaughters' wastes | |
| | | | | Help resolve unemployment problems | |
| | | | | | |

| No | Key Strategic Objectives | Key Result Area | Key Results | Indicators |
|----|----------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------|
| 5 | Construct a sewage lines network | Sewage lines system Municipality employ- ees | that serves all residents A healthy environmental that takes in consid- | tanks Limit diseases from |

Social Development:

Overall objectiveObjective: "Develop and improve capacities and public health for community sectors to enhance their participation in development"

| No | Strategic Objectives | Key Result Area | Key Results | Indicators |
|----|---|--|--|--|
| .1 | Improve learning & education infrastructure | Infrastructure for primary & secondary education Educational staff & cadres Students & parents | Advanced infra- structure for modern education Qualified educational staff at schools Strengthen & acti- vate the relationship between parents' councils & schools Modern & effective educational methods | An average of (25) students/ classroom Illiteracy rate is less (than (2%) Dropout rate is less (than (0.5%) Percentage of Tawjihi success rate in all streams is greater (than (80%) of schools 100% comply with the standards of (school s as (children friends) of schools 100% & classrooms are owned of the city 100% schools have scientific labs, libraries, computer labs, specialised rooms & facilities that suit the school's level & type |
| .2 | Improve the number & scientific level of higher studies graduates | Universities Training institutions University & college students | Qualified university graduates | Graduates' number Improve the Palestinian universities rating in International studies Number of annual patents |

| No | Strategic Objectives | Key Result Area | Key Results | Indicators |
|----|--|--|---|---|
| .3 | Integrate persons with special needs into community & rehabilitate prisoners | The elderly, children & disabled as persons with special needs Associations of persons with special needs Public facilities such as elderly & rehabilitation centres | Integrate persons with special needs within daily life Increase in the working percentage of persons with special needs in public & private organizations Improve the capacities & performance of persons with special needs' organizations Public facilities in the city are qualified for the use of persons with special needs | of persons 100% with special needs benefit from care centres' services of persons with 90% special needs who are able to work have jobs or businesses of the city's 90% public facilities such as streets, buildings & facilities comply with the needs of persons with special needs |
| .4 | Improve vocational & technical education | Vocational education Technical education Agricultural education Students Parents Labour market (pri- (vate, public & NGO | Increase in the number of graduates in vocational, technical & agricultural specializations Decrease the percentage of the unemployed Improve the quality of handicrafts & technologies sectors Provide the local market with experiences in the technical & agricultural areas | Number of the grad- uate citizens from vocational, technical & agricultural spe- cializations Percentage of the unemployed |
| .5 | Improve infrastructure for health & health services | Infrastructure for health sector Public health aware- ness Health equipment & services level | Health facilities that meet the citizens' various needs Citizens aware of the health practices Provide health services Provide required health equipment | Emergency & health services 24 hours a day Child mortality (3 or less years) is less (than (0.001 Percentage of the sickness cases that are treated in or outside Yatta Number of the operations rooms & intensive care units (ICU) in the governmental hospital |

| No | Strategic Objectives | Key Result Area | Key Results | Indicators |
|----|--|---|--|---|
| .6 | Improve the youth sector | Infrastructure of youth & sports sector Culture of youth participation, planning & voluntary work | Adequate infrastructure & facilities that strengthen youth abilities & participation Highly aware & skilled youth contributing to economic production & community development Wide youth participation in planning & development | Percentage of youth who participate in various youth & sports activities is (% more than (60) Percentage of youth who participate in voluntary activities is (% more than (60) Number of youth facilities & organizations |
| .7 | Improve women capacities & enhance their participation | Women societies Community culture & education Women education Infrastructure for women & children sectors | Improve & educate women More partnerships & networking among women organizations & associations Increase in women participation in the labour market | of women (50%) participate in women societies & activities More than (40%) of working women among the active workforces |

Economic Development

Overall oobjective: "Benefit well from the available resources in order to enhance local economy"

| No | Strategic Objectives | Key Result Area | Key Results | Indicators |
|----|----------------------|---|--|--|
| 1 | Promote tourism | Renovate old build- ings Citizens awareness of the importance of preserving the city roots | Infrastructure suitable for internal & external tourism Citizens aware of the importance of tour- ism & preserving old buildings | |
| 2 | Improve industry | Current workshops & industries Specified & organized industrial zone within the physical plan Investment laws & legislations | Establish an industrial zone Increase in the number of large industrial establishments Increase in the per- | ment in Yatta to less than 10% Number of the eco- nomic establishments Number of employees |

| No | Strategic Objectives | Key Result Area | Key Results | Indicators |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | Improve agriculture | Agricultural marketing Agricultural supervision programs Lands reclamation programs Provision of water for farmers Farmers' support | Increased percentage of reclaimed lands Increased productivity of agricultural lands Larger/wider em- ployment of modern agricultural methods | Percentage of re- claimed lands to the total of unexploited lands is more than 90% of farmers ben- 90% efit from agricultural societies services Number of farmers' annual support & funding programs |
| 4 | Improve the productivity of livestock | Farmers Livestock societies Marketing of livestock products Support programs to raise livestock | Centres for vaccination & improving breeds Make available food industries Increase the productivity of livestock Rehabilitate cattle market in the city Modern veterinary services (clinics, labs, (medicine) Improve livestock breeds Farmers' awareness & education programs Establish a Farmers Union Specify places for establishing livestock farms | Number of livestock farms Size of livestock Number of the veterinary clinics Number of livestock societies |
| 5 | Promote commercial activity in the city | Support micro-projects Investment infrastructure New graduates | Environment that encourages investment | Decrease the unemployment percentage in Yatta to less than 10% Organized commercial markets that serve various economic sectors |

| No | Strategic Objectives | Key Result Area | Key Results | Indicators |
|----|-----------------------|---|---|--|
| 6 | Decrease unemployment | Micro-projects University graduates Aid & employment programs Directorate of Labour | Increase the number of micro-projects A number of employment programs | Percentage of annual increase in micro-projects Percentage of unemployment is more than 10% among work-forces |

Security and Public Safety:

Overall objectiveObjective: "Ensure citizens' security and stability"

| No | Strategic Objectives | Key Result Area | Key Results | Indicators |
|----|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| 1 | Enhance security & safety capacities | Community awareness to reduce dangers & accidents Enforce law & order Apply procedures of public safety in factories, workshops & houses Disasters Committee Civil Defence | of attacks on public properties Decrease in the num- ber of work accidents Crises & Disasters | Number of the annual accidents of attacking public properties Number of the annual theft incidents Number of the annual work accidents Percentage of the annual losses |

Relationship Between Strategic Goals and Realization of Shared Development Vision

Yatta future vision:

"Yatta is a green governorate which enjoys a wise administration and advanced economic, social and health infrastructure. , and islt is significant for its Arab Islamic character"

Key Strategic Objectives (Strategic Thrusts)

Given the limited resources of Yatta vis-à-vis the present and future development needs, it is imperative to define priorities and key strategic objectives. For this purpose, an evaluation mechanism was devised that included a number of important criteria which were assigned specific important weights. The extent of achievement of the key strategic objective for each criterion is determined by the committees that have undertaken such evaluation. Each evaluated criterion was given a specific percentage in order to select the key strategic objectives with the highest evaluation score in each field, as depicted in the following chart:

Advanced Socially

- Improve education & learning quality
- Increase the number
 & scientific level of the
 higher studies graduates
- Integrate persons with special needs into community
- Improve vocational & technical education
- Improve youth sector
- Activate & improve the capacities of women & enhance their participation

Yatta, a Governorate with Wise Leadership

- Improve real estate & housing sector, & exploitation of lands
- Improve organizational capacities in implementing the principles of advanced administration & Good Governance

Advanced Economically

- Decrease unemployment
- Promote commercial activity
- Activate & improve tourism
- Improve & develop industry
- Increase the productivity of livestock

Infrastructure

- Improve electricity network & service
- Increase community awareness in land uses
- Construct sewage lines network
- Improve the capacities of drinking water provision
- Improve the roads & transport network

Prosperous in Health

- Improve the capacities of healthy environment
- Improve infrastructure of health sector & improve the quality of health services
- Maintain public health & prevent water pollution
- Construct a sewage lines network
- Improve & develop solid waste management

Security

Enhance security & safety capacities

Green

Improve agriculture

Based on the Needs Assessment Mechanism, Key Strategic Objectives have been identified according to the following development sectors:

Infrastructure & Public Services:

Improve the capacities of drinking water provision

Improve the electricity network & service

Enhance development of real estate & housing, & improve lands exploitation

Social Development:

Integrate persons with special needs within community

Improve the quality of education & learning

Improve infrastructure for health sector & services

Improve youth sector

Empower women & enhance their participation

Local Economic Development:

Decrease unemployment

Promote commercial activity

Improve agriculture

Activate & improve tourism

Develop & improve industry

Enhance capacities of security & safety

Public Health and Environment:

Improve public health & environment capacities

Improve & develop solid waste management

Maintain public health & prevent pollution

Construct the sewage lines network

Security & Threats:

Protect public properties

Sectoral Investment Plans 2011-2012

YATTA

Investment Plan Forfor: Infrastructure and Public Services

Implementing Agency: Yatta Municipality

| | 0 | C D | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Key Strategic Objective | Develop real estate & housing sector, & improve land exploitation | | | |
| | Development Initiative | Develop & modernize the city's physical plan in an organized manner | Conduct complete leveling & zoning for the city's lands | Increase community awareness of the importance of the physical plan | Establish a GIS department & apply GIS |
| | Project Title | Modern aerial mapping & modern detailed physical plan | Conduct zoning for about 20.,000 dunums inside the municipality borders | An awareness campaign of the importance of the physical plan & adherence to it | Devise a GIS department within the Engineering Department in the municipality |
| Implementing Agency. Tatta Municipality | Project Description | Purchase of modern mappings of the area from the Israeli specialized companies that include all municipality borders & surrounding villages & places, with high level of accuracy to be digitized on COIS program | Conduct zoning for about 20.000 dunums inside the municipality borders, register lands according to the current ownership & devise an appropriate database | Conduct 20.,000 leaflets that explain the physical plan & communicate the required information to citizens, & organize workshops in the municipality hall to educate citizens on physical planning | Make available an appropriate section for the GIS Department, facilitate it with required devises & conduct required courses |
| ם ביים | Project Duration | 6 months | 24 months | 4 months | 5 months |
| | Key Results | Modern aerial mapping of the area Detailed physical plan for land uses Redistribute land uses structure in accordance with constructional development, population & vehicles numbers Develop infrastructure in accordance with population & vehicles numbers | Register lands with their current names of owners names Availability of modern records to facilitate access to required data Reduce the number of disputes over ownerships | Number & type of awareness leaflets Community awareness of the nature of the physical plan Facilitate work within the physical plan Reduce organizational violations | Obtain a high quality database with easy access to any data |
| | Budget \$Budget (US\$) | 400.,000 | 150.,000 | 200.,000 | 250.,000 |

| Key Strategic Objective | | | Improve the capacities of drinking water provision | | | | Improve electricity network & service |
|----------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| Development Ke | Establish public gardens & parks | | Modify the Imp cap pumping cap convention with drin Water Authority to pro increase pumping quantities | Construct new water tanks | Renovate old networks & construct new ones | | Modernize the Imp network elec net |
| Project Title | Establish a public E park in the city g | Complete the works phases in Yatta Municipality Park/ Al-Karmel & plant forestry trees in the area | Finalize a new Pumping convention p agreement with the Converse Water Authority to Water Authority to Pincrease quantities ir from resources q | Construct a new C water tank in Kallat w Salim (4.,000 m3) | Maintain distribution R networks & n transferring lines, o & expand their o diameters | Extend water lines to new quarters | Replace 30 km of Nother Interpretate of the low pressure nother with insulated cables Install high pressure lines under the grounds of main roads |
| Project Description | A public park in the city (5 dunums) | Complete & equip the municipality of park in Al-Karmel (no less than 10 dunums), & rehabilitate the structure of Al-Karmel swimming pool which includes a cafeteria & children games in addition to a planting trees in the area | Conduct a study on the city's water I needs & convincingly present to stakeholders, & obtain 7.,500 m3 of water on a daily basis Conduct geological studies & i construct artesian wells inside Yatta 1 | Obtain the highest ground level to construct the tank, find a land & start construction | Renovate a part of the current network (20 km) with various & proper diameters Renovate a part of the transferring innes (8 km long & 10" diameter) | Extend water lines in various diameters to quarters within the new municipality borders | with |
| Project Duration | 12 months | | 24 months | 12 months | 18 months | 6 months | nonths |
| Key Results | Provide a suitable place for leisure time & recreation especially for school restudents in summer vacations Contribute to developing environment & a green landscape Preserve the cultural heritage in Al-Karmel area | | A water study for the city Facilitate & organize water distribution for the city quarters Adequate water quantities in most of the city's houses & establishments | Organized water distribution on the residential areas | Expand water network Reduce water loss Facilitate water distribution to most citizens | | 1.000.0001,000,000 Reduce power cutoffs resulted from touches in un- insulated cables Improve current quality & capacity Implement roads proposals in accordance with the physical plan after removing electric towers or positioning them according to roads reaction High pressure network (20 km long) |
| Budget \$Budget (US\$) | 1.,500.,000 | | 500.,000 | 2.,000.,000 | 1.,000.,000 | | 1.000.0001,000,000 |

| Key Strategic Objective | | | | Improve & modernize roads & transportation network |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| Development Initiative | | Install pre-paid electricity meters | Increase the number of transferring stations | Establish Traffic & Dynamiter Department Rehabilitate all the main entrances of the city Rehabilitate all internal agricultural roads of the city Specify tracks & ramps for main sidewalks for persons with special needs Rehabilitate the main sidewalks for persons with special needs Increase traffic awareness Improve connecting & agricultural roads Construct Yatta southern gate |
| Project Title | | Install 7.000 high quality pre-paid meters | Install new transferring stations | Construct a building for Traffic Department & a station for vehicle examination Repave 10 km of the city's main entrances Pave 20 km of Yatta's internal roads Construct ramps for main & internal roads' sidewalks (500 km) Construct a part of the main entrances' sidewalks & Assidewalks & Assouthern gate |
| Project Description | High pressure network (20km long) under grounds of the main streets | Replace the old meters by pre-paid meters for 7.000 prescribers | Install 10 new transferring stations in various areas | Construct a headquarter for the Traffic Department (300 m2) & a building for vehicles examination & licensing in the city (860 m2) Rehabilitate the main entrances (10 km long & proper width), & they are paved roads for over 15 years with inadequate widths Pave open agricultural roads, & construct & pave roads connecting quarters Concrete ramps that connect roads with sidewalks, or sidewalks with quarters' entrances of the persons with special needs Construct sidewalks (width no less than 2 m) for a number of streets like: Khalil Al-Rahman, Al-Samou', Al-Karmel, As-Salam & Municipality Street Construct a stone gate (20 m wide & 8 m height) at the municipality southern borders/Yatta Main Street |
| Project Duration | 4 months | 12 months | 9 months | months |
| Key Results | Beautiful scenery for the city's entrance that is free of towers & electric cables | Increase the percentage of pay for the consumed power Reduce electricity loss Increase the electric capacity | Improve the electric current quality Distribute electricity to the largest possible area in Yatta | Advanced infrastructure for internal & connecting roads network Advanced traffic system Absence of the phenomenon of dust & mud Gardening of the sidewalks & road islands, & lighting them Decrease the number of unlicensed cars & the percentage of traffic accidents Increase the municipality revenues through vehicles' examination & licensing |
| Budget \$Budget (US\$) | 1.,200.,000 | 250.,000 | 1.,000.,000 | 2,,000,,000 |

Investment Plan Forfor: Public Health and Environment

Implementing Agency: Ministry of Health

| | ~× | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Key Strategic Ob- jective | Provide & improve elements of health & healthy environment capacities | | | |
| Development Initia- Key Strategic Ob- | Rehabilitate & expand the hospitals' buildings & departments | Construct inpatient specialized clinics outside the hospital building | Improve the quality of health services | Increase the number of central clinics with a tertiary care |
| Project Title | Establish inpatient special- ized clinics for the hospital & equip the buildings to serve the various medical & technical departments, & improve the General Surger- ies Department | | Purchase advanced radiology devices (CT & X-Ray), laboratory analysis & medical clinic | Establish 2 new clinics in Al- Maqbiya & Khareesa areas |
| Project Description | Establish & furnish 8 specialized inpatient clinics with their facilities such as waiting rooms & bathrooms of an area of 600 m2: 20 m for each clinic office, 50 m2 for each waiting room & 40 m2 for the bathrooms unit | | 12 months Purchase advanced CT devices & modernize the X-Ray device | 24 months Establish 2 new clinics (150 m2 for each) including children rooms, waiting hall, laboratory, pharmacy, resting room for workers, public services & primary care |
| Project Duration | 24 months | | 12 months | 24 months |
| Key Results | Provide integrated health services including general surgeries, technical labs & Radiology Department Reduce the pressure on Hebron Governmental Hospital Save time, effort & money of the residents Improve the level of health care & cure communicable & infectious diseases | | Increase the number of qualified & trained staff Advanced devises in diagnosis & therapy | An advanced clinic A number of qualified cadre Increase health aware- ness Treat chronic & communi- cable diseases Decrease patients suf- fering |
| Budget \$(US\$) | 800.,000 | | 800.,000 | 300,,000 |

Implementing Agency: Ministry of Health

| <u>5</u> | | o t | e D | fine- og |
|-----------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| Key Strategic Objective | Improve & modernize solid wastes management | Preserve public health & prevent pollution | Create a sewage lines network | Construct a refinement & pumping station |
| Development Initia- tive | Increase the number of vehicles that collect & transfer wastes from the city to the dump | Establish a slaugh- terhouse for poultry & cattle | Construct a sewage network | Construct a refinement & pumping station |
| Title | Provide new vehicles to collect & transfer wastes Provide a street sweeper to clean main streets Provide a tipper truck Provide a tipper truck Provide containers (1.1m3 + 4 m3) Provide a wheel bulldozer Provide a wheel digger جر الفات عجل غيل عجل باجر عجل باجر عجل | Construct a slaughter- house for poultry Establish another depart- ment in the slaughter- house for sheep | Construct a sewage network for the western part of Yatta Main Street | Install a refinement & pumping station in the southern & eastern areas |
| Project Description | 2 compressor vehicles, 8 m3 & 4 m3, to collect wastes & transfer them to the dump 15 ton sweeper to clean the city's paved streets A tipper fruck vehicle (26 tons capacity) 100 small containers (1.1 m3) + 30 big containers (4 m3) Wheel bulldozer: 3.5 m3 hand capacity & 2 m3 at joints Small- wheel digger (1.5 m3 hand capacity), with a crutch. Engine capacity is no less than 91 horsepower & 2200 cycles | Construct a building (600 m2) of 2 sections: the first (300 m2) for poultry & the second (300 m2) for cattle & sheep | Install a sewage lines network (30 km) in the western part of Yatta Main Street & extends till the current stream | Install a refinement & pumping station in the south eastern areas (water gathering joint) to pump waste water into the stream in the western part of the city |
| Project Duration | 24 months | 6 months | 24 months | 24 months |
| Results | Collect solid wastes on daily basis from residential quarters. Clean streets & public yards. Effective system for treatment of solid wastes Reduce expenses of equipment rental. Healthy environment that takes into account the minimum standards of pollution. A civilized landscape & scenery. Public content | A licensed slaughterhouse Prevent pollution by consumed meet Facilitate market monitoring Healthy monitored meets by specialized doctors Prevent pollution by throwing away random slaughters wastes Help resolve unemployment | Prevent pollution resulted from septic tanks Prevent diseases resulted resulting from polluted drinking water pollution caused by septic tanks | Help construct a sewage network for the eastern part of the main street |
| Budget \$ | 1.,500.,000 | 000,000 | 7.,000,,000 | 5.,000.,000 |

Investment Plan Forfor: Social Development

| | Key Strategic Objective | Integrate persons with special needs in the community & rehabilitate prisoners | | |
|--|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| ssociation | Development Initiative | Provide employment & I rehabilitating services s for persons with special oneeds | Provide public facilities, equipment & trained cadre to rehabilitate persons with special needs | Provide employment services to rehabilitate prisoners & integrate them within community |
| Affairs & Disabled A | Project Title | Establish a train- ing centre | Establish a therapy & rehabilitation centre for persons with special needs | Provide job op- portunities for prisoners |
| ing Agency: Directorate of Social Affairs & Disabled Association | Project Description | Construct a center (400 m2) in As-Salam Street through finalization & furnishing the basement for As-Salam Mosque, with all required equipment, to prepare & qualify cadres that are capable to work, provide scholarships & loans for awareness campaigns projects | Construct a rehabilitation center (400 m2) in the city center that is compatible with cases number & includes all specializations & tools required for training & rehabilitation | Provide facilitated loans or scholarships specified for pris- oners |
| Implementing A | Project Dura- tion | 24 months | 24 months | 24 months |
| | Key Results | A 400 m2 center Employ 12 persons Rehabilitate a number of persons with special needs | Provide rehabilitation therapeutic services A center capable of providing therapeutic & psychological services (rehabilitation) | Rehabilitate prisoners & integrate them within community Improve prisoners' capacities Contribute to development & decrease unemployment |
| | Budget \$(US\$) | 100.,000 | 000,000 | 500.,000 |

| | Key Strategic Ob- jective | Improve the quality of learning & education sctorate of Education |
|---|------------------------------|---|
| | Development Initiative | Inaugurate the Directorate Improve the quality of of Education in Yatta learning & education Implementing Agency: Directorate of Education |
| ate of Education | Project Title | Construct a center for the Directorate of Education in Yatta |
| plementing Agency: Directorate of Education | Project Description | Construct a center of 4 lay- ers & a garage layer. Each floor is 250 m2 & is capable of including the directorate's Education in employees & services Construct a center for the Signature of the time of the directorate of |
| Jul | Project Du- ration | |
| | Key Results | A Directorate of Education 12 months Facilitate teachers & students, & save travel expenses & effort Provide job opportunities for unemployed graduates |
| | Budget \$(US\$) | 800.,000 |

| Key Strategic Ob- jective | | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Development Initiative | & Improve students' educa-s-tional achievemental-s, ic | & Construct schools for pubnew lic Education s in Al- Omm Khal- | Rehabilitate Improve the educational higher educa- level for higher education tion graduates graduates & increase their & increase their numbers |
| Project Title | Construct & equip 50 class-rooms, special-ized rooms, yards & public facilities | Construct equip 4 nagovernme tal schools Al-Musalla, Omariya, On Al-Sater & Kh let Muzher | |
| Project Description | Construct 10 classrooms in Haleema As-Sa'diya Girls School Construct 10 classrooms in Yatta Boys Basic School Construct 10 classrooms in Yatta Girls Basic School Construct 10 classrooms in Yatta Martyr Daughters School Construct 10 classrooms in Kamal Al-Saree' Co-Edu- | Construct a school in Omm Al-Sater of (15) classrooms & equipped with all facilities Construct a boys school in Khallat Mezher of (15) classrooms & equipped with all facilities Construct a boys school in Al-Musalla of (17) classrooms & equipped with all facilities Construct a girls school in Al-Omariya of (18) classrooms & equipped with all facilities | Establish a center for training teachers Training courses to upgrade graduates levels |
| Project Du- ration | 18 months | 18 months | 24 months |
| Key Results | 2.,000.,000 50 equipped classrooms Students rate per classroom is less than 40 Include about 2000 students in appropriate classrooms | 3.,500.,000 15 classrooms in Omm 18 months Al-Sater 15 classrooms in Al-Musalla 18 classrooms in Al-Omariya | A vocational training cen- 24 months ter Train teachers annually Number of the training courses |
| Budget \$(US\$) | 2.,000.,000 | 3.,500.,000 | 400.,000 |

| Key Strategic Ob- jective | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|
| Development Initiative | Construct a vo- Construct schools & insticational school tutions for higher & techni-& institution cal education | Rehabilitate schools to act as friends for children | & Technological literacy educom-cation in all | End the phenomenon of dropouts | Integrate persons with special needs into regular educational system |
| Project Title | Construct a vo- cational school & institution | Construct basic schools with appropriate facilities for children | construct & equip a computer lab in all schools | Employ social workers (educa- tional supervi- sors) for 2 years | Compatibility of governmental schools with students with special needs |
| Project Description | Equip a vocational school including all vocational specializations & with a capacity of 500 students | Construct games rooms in all basic schools Provide educational supervisors in all schools Train basic school teachers on educational methods appropriate for dealing with children Make available a heath center in every schools' complex | Equip a (30) computers lab with (20) computers for each A building equipped with internet & (50) computers | Employ educational supervisors in all schools conduct awareness courses for students & parents | Modify current buildings to Compatibility Integrate comply with the needs of of governmen-special ne persons with special needs tal schools with education students with special needs |
| Project Du- ration | 24 months | 24 months | 12 months | annual 24 months aware- cation- | 1 year |
| Key Results | 2.,000.,000 An equipped vocational 24 months school Annual number of graduates | 1.,500.,000 Equipped games room 24 months for all schools Number of the educational meetings Number of the educational supervisors in each school | Make available 30 com- 12 months puter labs 600 computers Internet service at schools | Number of the annual training courses Number of the awareness courses Number of the educational supervisors | Integrate persons with 1 year special needs within community Improve working staff capacities |
| Budget \$(US\$) | 2.,000.,000 | 1.,500.,000 | 000::009 | 500.,000 | 100.,000 |

Implementing Agency: Yatta Municipality, Youth Clubs & Woman Centers

| _ | Key Strategic Objective | Develop & improve youth sector | Activate & improve women, & enhance their participation |
|---|---------------------------|--|--|
| 2 | Development Initiative | Construct a sports stadium with special youth facilities Integrate youth in development & planning Improve youth skills & qualifications on the social, sports & educational levels | Educational & awareness programs for women of the importance of their roles & participation in development Rehabilitate women centers & improve their capacities |
| | Project Title | Rehabilitate Yatta sta- dium | Construct special headquarters for women centers |
| mpremental gordy. Taka manapanty, Todan Glabs & World Control | Project Description | Finalize 10 steps in the northern & eastern sides (170 m), plant grass in the stadium ground (7 dunum), light it by 4 lighting units, finalize facilities under the current stadium & rehabilitate cars parking yard | Establish 3 headquarters for women centers in Yatta (250 m2 for each), including all required facilities like offices, halls & sanitary units |
| regerieg. Farter | Project Dura- tion | 24 months | 24 months |
| | Key Results | Youth infrastructure that improves their capacities & participation Highly skilled & aware youth who contribute to the national productivity & growth Wide youth participation in planning & development | Develop & educate women Greater partnerships & networking among women associations & organi- zations Increase in women' participation in the labor market |
| | Budget \$(US\$) | 2.,000,000 | 200.,000 |

Investment Plan Forfor: Local Economy

Implementing Agency: Private Sector

| | Key Strategic Objective | Promote com- mercial activity | | | Improve & develop the industrial sectory | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|
| | Development Initia- tive | Establish new com- mercial complexes & malls | | Activate the role of Chambers of Com- merce | An organized industrial zone | Variety in industries | Promote investment in industry | Improve the quality of local products |
| | Project Title | Establish a main vegetables & fruits market (Hesbah) | Construct a commercial mall | Construct a building for the Chamber of Commerce | Rehabilitate an industrial zone (1.000 dunums) & equip it with infrastructure required for investment | Construct a gas station, canned foods & dairy factories | Construct a branch for Businessmen Union | A branch for the Directorate of Commerce as a consumers' special branch |
| mpicing Agency: Thate ceed | Project Description | Construct a main vegetables market outside the city center (3 dunums) | Construct a commercial mall (5.000 m2) of 5 layers | Construct a building (no less than 200 m2) | Move quarries & stone carvers into a special area (600 dunums), & heavy industries (400 dunums) Devise physical plans for the industrial zone & provide it with all required facilities & infrastructure: roads, water, electricity, restaurants, exhibitions | Provide areas for the factories (no less than 500 m2) | Construct a building (200 m2) | Construct a building (200 m2) |
| | Project Duration | 6 months | 1 year | 12 months | 1 year | 6 months | 6 months | 6 months |
| | Key Results | The city center is free of random vegetables & fruits selling stands Organized prices & absence of commercial monopoly | Existence of a commercial mall (5,,000 m2) of 5 layers in a central area Put an end to traffic disruptions resulted from selling stands & Street vendors Increase municipality revenues | A place to provide citizens with commercial services Provide citizens with required commercial information | An organized industrial zone Get rid of private properties problems A place specified for all handicrafts & light industries all around the city Reduce environmental & industrial pol- lution Provide lands for other developmental projects | Provide citizens with gas Increase national production Provide farmers with support | Increase awareness & promote invest- ment | Activate the role of monitoring to protect 6 consumers |
| | Budget \$(US\$) | | | 150.,000 | 2.,000.,000 | 1.,000.,000 | 100.,000 | 100.,000 |

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| tegic ve | ent ent | |
|--|---|--|
| Key Strategi Objective | available Decrease un- bower employment | |
| Project Title Development Initia- Key Strategic tive Objective | mang | |
| Project Title | provide Provide vocational training centers | Establish in- come generat- ing micro-proj- ects |
| Project Description | 6 months construct Construct & equip provide Provide Make availal a vocational center building vocational train-skilled manpower (500 m2) ing centers | 4 Provide income generating Establish in- micro-projects that include come generat- a large number of gradu- ing micro-proj- ates |
| Project Duration | 6 months | 2 4 months |
| Key Results | Various vocational specializations Rehabilitate cadres | Decrease unemployment provide Provide revenues for many citizens |
| Budget \$(US\$) | 500,,000 | 2.,000.,000 |

Implementing Agency: Ministry of Tourism

| | Key Strategic Objective | Improve & activate the tourism sector | | |
|----------|---|--|---|-------------|
| | Development Initiative | Increase awareness of the importance of pro- tecting tourist places | Renovate tourist sites | |
| | Project Title | Establish an office that follows Ministry of Tourism | Renovate Magam Al- Khadr, Omari Mosque, Al-Baraka Castle, Magam Steih & Al-Deir in addition to other his- torical buildings in the old city | , |
| | Project Du- Project Descrip- ration tion | Establish an office (150 m2) with all basic facilities | Renovate Magam Al-Khadr, Omari Mosque, Al-Bara- ka Castle, Magam Steih, Al-Deir & other sites & shrines | |
| <u>-</u> | Project Du- ration | 3 months | 12 months | 14 months |
| | Key Results | Provide services & guidance for tourists Conduct guidance courses about the importance of tourism in the country Preserve heritage | Reinforce the historical character of archeological sites & preserve them Preserve the city's wall | |
| | Budget \$(US\$) | 75.,000 | 125.,000 | 2.,000.,000 |

| Key Strategic Objective | Increase interest in agriculture & livestock | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Development Initiative Ke | Exploit agricultural lands Inc Increase the productivity ag of livestock | Resolve the high production of Handle the dairy products extra production |
| Project Title | Reclaim agricul- tural lands Produce im- proved animal breeds of cows & sheep | Establish a factory for milk & livestock productions |
| Project Description | Reclaim about 2500 dunums of agricultural lands through construction of stone walls & fences Construct about 250 agricultural wells (200 m3) Provide improved cows & sheep breeds for farmers & continuous agricultural & livestock guidance in cooperation with Ministry of Agriculture | Construct a factory (2500 m2) to manufacture livestock productions |
| Project Duration | 24 months | 12 months |
| Key Results | Exploit a part of agricultural lands Employ a large number of the unemployed Improve the livestock productivity Increase the productivity of livestock & encourage farmers | Increase dependency on local products |
| Budget \$(US\$) | 1.,000.,000 | |

Investment Plan Forfor: Security and Public Safety

Implementing Agency: Police Directorate & Civil Defense

| Development Initia- Key Strategic Objective tive | Enhance security & public safety capacities |
|--|--|
| Development Initia- tive | Construct centers Improve the quality & for Civil Defense & effectiveness of police provide them with & Civil Defense centers required equip-ment |
| Project Title | Construct centers for Civil Defense & provide them with required equipment |
| Project Descrip- tion | Construct an advanced center for Civil Defense & provide it with a fire engine & a modern ambulance Make available a headquarter for police including its various departments (1.000 m2) |
| Key Results Project Duration Project Description | 12 months |
| Key Results | A center for Civil Defense Modern firefighting vehicle Advanced ambulance A police headquarter |
| Budget \$(US\$) | 1.,500.,000 |

| Key Strategic Objective | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| Development Initia- tive | Enhance affiliation & protecting properties | Formulate & activate reconciliation committees |
| Project Title | Conduct meetings & campaigns to activate citizens & reinforce public awareness | Initiatives towards solving social & domestic problems that are unsettled for years |
| Project Descrip- tion | Conduct a number of meetings, campaigns & TV or radio broadcast awareness publications to protect public properties & increase the centers' efficiency & effectiveness | Call for activating reconciliation, tribal & initiative committees' roles through investigation of causes & mechanisms of settling insurmountable tribal disputes |
| Project Duration | 24 months | 12 months |
| Key Results | Improve citizens' affiliation attitudes Decrease in the number of annual crimes Increase in the level public safety | Decrease in the number of tribal disputes Citizens' content with the role of reconciliation committees in settlement of disputes lmprove the skills & capacities of reconciliation committees in settlement of disputes |
| Budget \$(US\$) | 100.,000 | 100.,000 |

IntegratedPlan for Social DevelopmentCommunity Integrated Development Plan

2011-2014

YATTA

Integrated Community Development Plan Matrix

| | Devel- opment Theme | Infrastructure & Public Services | |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|
| | key strategic objective | Improve real estate & housing sector, & land exploitation | |
| | Intervention Area | The physical plan Ministry of Housing Investors Investment infrastructure Land zoning & leveling | |
| Y III | Key results | Areas specified for housing projects in the physical plan Legislative & organizational environment that encourages real estate investment Provide housing for people with limited income | |
| megrated community Development Flam Mathy | Indicators | Percentage of the lands that had leveling (dunum) | Licenses for buildings & factories constructed |
| idility Da | Current | 2,000 | 3,597 |
| | Target value | 24.,500 | 7.,000 |
| וונבאומו | Source of Information | Yatta Municipality | Yatta Municipality |
| | Means of verifi- cation | Properties & Lands Department records | Constructions Department records |
| | Development initiatives | Modernize & improve the city's physical plan in an organized manner Conduct complete leveling & zoning for the city's lands Increase community awareness of adherence to the physical plan Establish a department for GIS & apply it Establish public gardens & parks | |

| Devel- opment Theme | | |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| key strategic objective | Improve & modernize roads & transportation network | |
| Intervention Area | Main entrances of the city Internal roads' Connecting roads Traffic system Agricultural roads | |
| Key results | Advanced infrastructure for internal & external roads network Modern traffic system Absence of the dust & mud phenomenon Gardening of the sidewalks & roads' islands, & provide them with lighting units | |
| Indicators | Length of the qualified main entrances | Length of the internal qualified roads |
| Current value | ى ك | 65 km |
| Target value | ሌ አ መ | 135 km |
| Source of Information | Yatta Municipality | Yatta Municipality |
| Means of verifi- cation | Project Implementation Department | Project Implementation Department |
| Development initiatives | Rehabilitate all the city's main entrances Rehabilitate all the city's internal unpaved roads Specify tracks & ramps for the dynamic roads' sidewalks for persons with special needs Rehabilitate the dynamic roads' sidewalks & islands in the city Increase traffic awareness Improve agricultural & connecting roads Construct Yatta northern gate Establish Traffic & Dynameters Department | |

| Devel- opment Theme | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--|
| key strategic objective | | | Improve the potential of obtaining drinking water | | | |
| Intervention Area | | | Water distribution network Artesian wells Public culture in water consumption | | | |
| Key results | | | Effective & efficient water distribution system that serves all residents Meet the residents' various water needs Highly aware citizens of the importance of rationalizing water consumption Effective billing system | | | |
| Indicators | Percentage of the dynamic roads that comply with the needs of persons with special needs | Length of the qualified sidewalks & road islands | Rate of daily water pumping from resources (liter/hr) | Rate of daily water pumping from resources (m3/day) | Number of water subscriptions | Rate of person's daily consumption (liter) |
| Current value | 20% | 5 km | 2.,800 | 2.,300 | 3.,600 | 30 |
| Target value | %05 | 15 km | 5.,000 | 5.,000 | 5.,000 | 80 |
| Source of Information | Yatta Municipality | Yatta Municipality | Municipality & Water Authority | Municipality & Water Authority | Municipality | Municipality |
| Means of verifi- cation | Project Implementation Department | Project Implementation Department | Pumping records | Main meter figures | Water Department records | Municipality estimations & meters floures |
| Development initiatives | | | Modify the convention of water pumping with the Water Authority to increase the pumped quantity Construct new water tanks Renovate old networks & construct new ones | | | |

| Devel- opment Theme | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| Intervention key strategic Area objective | | | | | Improve electricity network & services |
| Intervention Area | | | | | Citizens' content with the electricity service Technical & human capacities of the Electricity Department Electricity network Public education |
| Key results | | | | | Citizens' content with the electricity service rendered by the Electricity Department Periodical maintenance system for the electricity network Electricity company with required equipment & qualified staff Effective, efficient & reliable electricity |
| Indicators | Water loss percentage | Percentage of using water collecting wells | Percentage of using house wells to the total of houses | Percentage of citizens' pay for their water subscriptions in a month following maturity date | Weak electricity current |
| Current | 18% | 2% | 30% | 52% | %00 |
| Target value | 10% | 10% | | 75% | 30% 8 |
| Source of Information | Municipality | Municipality | Municipality | Municipality | Company |
| Means of verifi- cation | Municipality records (purchased & sold quantity) | Survey study | Survey study | Municipality records | Company's reports |
| Development initiatives | | | | | Renovate & modernize networks Install pre-paid meters Increase the number of transferring stations |

| - | Devel- opment Theme | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| | key strategic objective | | | | | | |
| | Intervention Area | | | | | | |
| 2 | Key results | | | | | | |
| : | Indicators | Percentage of electricity costs collection | Percentage of users of pre-paid meters | Capacity of the (current) electricity current (megawatt) | Percentage of the insulated cables network/total cables | Quality of the electric current in the low pressure zone | Percentage of the houses that get less than 200 voltage capacity |
| | current | 30% | 30% | 0 | 20% | %09 | %00% |
| | larget value | %06 | %26 | 52 | %08 | 75% | 5% |
| | | SELCO | SELCO | SELCO | SELCO | SELCO | SELCO |
| | Means of verifi- cation | Company's reports & records | Company's records | Company's records | Company's records | Company's records | Company's reports |
| | Development initiatives | | | | | | |

| Devel- opment Theme | Public Health & Environment | | | |
|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| key strategic objective | Improve health & environmental capacities | | | |
| Intervention Area | Sewage lines system System of solid wastes collecting & transfer, & public cleanliness City's beautiful landscape | | | |
| Key results | Sewage lines system that serves all residents Effective system to collect & transfer solid wastes Healthy environment that takes in consideration the minimum ranges of pollution Higher public awareness of the environmental problems & ways to prevent them. | | | |
| Indicators | Covering the sewage lines (km) | Number of the septic tanks used | Length of the sewage network (km) | Number of health supervisors |
| Current | 0 | 7.,000 | 0 | N |
| Target value | 4 | 3.,000 | 20 | ω |
| Source of Information | | | Municipality | Municipality |
| Means of verifi- cation | Projects' reports Municipality | Projects' reports Municipality | Projects reports | Employees' record |
| Development initiatives | Rehabilitate & expand the hospitals' buildings & departments Construct specialized inpatient clinics outside the hospital building Improve the health services quality Increase the number of tertiary care clinics | | | |

| Devel- opment Theme | |
|----------------------------|---|
| key strategic objective | solid wastes management |
| Intervention Area | Management system of Collecting & transfer of solid wastes, & public cleanliness Beautiful landscape & scenery of the municipality |
| Key results | Collect & transfer solid wastes daily from residential quarters Clean streets & public yard A civilized landscape & scenery Public content Effective system for collection & transfer of solid wastes |
| Indicators | Number of the vehicles that collect wastes |
| Current | 4 |
| Target value | ഹ |
| Source of Information | Municipality |
| Means of verifi- cation | Health Department record |
| Development initiatives | Increase the number of containers & vehicles that collect & transfer wastes from the city to the dump |

| Devel- opment Theme | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|
| key strategic objective | | Preserve public health & prevent pollution | Construct a sewage lines network |
| Intervention Area | | Protect consumers Community awareness of protecting the environment | Sewage lines system Municipality employees |
| Key results | Availability of a licensed slaughterhouse | Prevent pollution by consumed meats Facilitate market monitoring Healthy monitored meats by specialized doctors Prevent environmental pollution resulted from throwing away random slaughters' wastes Contribute to resolving the problem of unemployment | Sewage lines system that serves all citizens Healthy environment that takes in consideration the minimum ranges of pollution |
| Indicators | Rate of wastes transferred to the dump (ton/day) | Number of the licensed slaughterhouses | Percentage of the houses connected to sewage lines network |
| Current value | 40 | 0 | %0 |
| Target value | 45 | - | 40% |
| Source of Information | Municipality | Municipality | |
| Means of verifi- cation | Health Department record | Health Department records | |
| Development initiatives | | Establish a slaughterhouse for poultry & cattle | Construct a sewage lines network Establish & construct a refinement & pumping station |

| Devel- opment Theme | Social Development | | |
|--|--|--|---|
| Intervention key strategic Area objective | Integrate persons with special needs in the community & rehabilitate prisoners | | |
| Intervention Area | The elderly, children & disabled as persons with special needs with special needs associations Public facilities like the elderly centers & rehabilitation | | |
| Key results | Integrate persons with special needs into daily life Increase in the percentage of employed persons with special needs in public & private organizations Improve the capacities & performance of persons with special needs' organizations In the city are qualified for the use of persons with special needs | | |
| Indicators | Number of organization working with special needs persons the persons with special needs' organizations | Percentage of persons with special needs benefiting from the Ministry of Social Affairs services | Percentage of the persons with special needs who are included by Disabled Union |
| Current | N | 0.5% | 0.5% |
| Target value | ις | %25% | %25% |
| Source of Information | Ministry of Social Affairs | Ministry of Social Affairs | Municipality & the Palestinian NGO Portal |
| Means of verifi- cation | Organizations' report | Ministry's reports | The society's reports |
| Development initiatives | Provide employment rehabilitation services for persons with special needs Provide facilities, equipment & trained cadres to rehabilitate persons with special needs Provide employment rehabilitation services to rehabilitate prisoners & integrate them within the community | | |

| Devel- opment Theme | | | |
|----------------------------|---|---|--|
| key strategic objective | Improve the quality of education & learning | | |
| Intervention Area | Infrastructure for basic & secondary education Educational staff Students & parents | | |
| Key results | Advanced infrastructure for education & modern learning Qualified educational cadre Enhance & activate the relationships among students councils' parents & schools Modern & effective educational methods | | |
| Indicators | Number of the vocational learning institutions | Percentage of schools that comply with the standards of the school being (friend of the child): school canteen, supervision, healthcare | Number of the computer labs available at the literacy education center |
| Current | 0 | %5 | 0 |
| Target value | 8 | %09 | വ |
| Source of Information | Directorate of Education of South Hebron & Municipality | Directorate of Education of South Hebron | Directorate of Education of South Hebron |
| Means of verifi- cation | Municipality records, Directorate of Education records | Directorate' reports | Records |
| Development initiatives | Upgrade students' academic achievement Improve the scientific level of graduate studies' graduates & increase their numbers Establish schools for vocational & technical education (children friends) Technological literacy education for the senior citizens Distribute schools buildings in accordance with the population densities Prevent school dropouts Provide trained vocational teachers Provide job opportunities Inauguration for the Directorate of Education/ Yatta Establish schools for public education | | |

| Devel- opment Theme | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| key strategic objective | | | | | | | Improve the youth sector | |
| Intervention Area | | | | | | | Infrastructure for the youth & sports sector Youth culture in participation, planning & voluntarism | |
| Key results | | | | | Appropriate infrastructure | for youth to enhance their | capacities & participation Highly skilled youth who have sufficient capacities & contribute to national productivity & prosperity Wide youth participation in planning & development | |
| Indicators | Number of the rented classrooms | Number of the unqualified classrooms | Percentage of the school facilities (labs- computers- house crafts-library-resources) | Number of schools benefiting from supportive education | Number of schools complexes' guards | Number of the classrooms in Yatta | Sports stadium with Olympic standards | Number of subscribers in sports clubs |
| Current | 100 | 80 | 2% | ന | - | 477 | %09 | 200 |
| Target value | 50 | 30 | %02 | 10 | 10 | 530 | 100% | 5.000 |
| Source of Information | Directorate of Education of South Hebron | Directorate of Education – Municipality | Directorate of Education – Municipality | Directorate of Education – Municipality | Municipality | Directorate of Education | Local Body | Sports clubs |
| Means of verifi- cation | Records | Records | Records | Records | Records | School buildings' records | The physical plan reports | Members' records |
| Development initiatives | | | | | | | Construct a sports stadium & special youth facilities Integrate youth in development & planning Improve youth capacities on the social, sports & cultural levels | |

| Devel- opment Theme | | | Economic Area | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| key strategic objective | | | Improve women capacities & participation | | | Decrease unemployment rate | |
| Intervention Area | | | Women associations Community culture & education Women education Infrastructure for women & children sector | | | Micro- projects University students Graduates Programs of aids & employment Labor Office | |
| Key results | | | Improve & educate women More partnerships & networking among women associations & societies Increase in women's participation in the labor market | | | Increase the number of micro-projects A number of employment projects | |
| Indicators | Area of youth facilities | Percentage of youth (below 35) who assume high leadership positions in the city's organizations | Percentage of women participation in community organizations | Parentage of women participation in the council | Parentage of women participation in private associations & centers | Percentage of the unemployed among the work forces | |
| Current value | 12 dunums | 50% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 20% | |
| Target value | 50 dunums | %09 | %02 | %09 | 45% | 15% | |
| Source of Information | Local Body | Youth associations | Women | Nominees' list of the winning members | Community study | Labor office/ Central Statistics Device | |
| Means of verifi- cation | The physical plan reports | ` | Study | Elections results report | The community study | Workforces survey | |
| Development initiatives | | | Educational & awareness programs for women of the importance of their role & participation in development Rehabilitate women centers & increase their capacities | Job opportunities through promoting investment Support & finance microprojects Training & rehabilitation programs for graduates Inclusion of graduates programs Provide skilled workforces | | | |

| Devel- | Тпете | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| key strategic objective | | Encourage the city's commercial activity in the city | | |
| Intervention Area | | Support micro- projects Investment infrastructure New graduate | | |
| Key results | | Environment that encourages investment Active commercial activity in the city Establish branches for the banks in the city Effective & efficient Chamber of Commerce | | |
| Indicators | Number of the employed graduates/ all graduates in each years | Number of the commercial facilities | Percentage of workers in the commercial sector to the total of workers | Percentage of the commercial sector's contribution in the complex revenues resources |
| Current | 40% | 020 | 2% | 15% |
| Target value | %25% | 008 | 40% | %0E |
| Source of Information | Municipality statistics NGO organizations Statistics Center | Municipality | Labor Office, Trade Union & Municipality | Labor Office, Trade Union & Municipality |
| Means of verifi- cation | Study, Statistics Center reports | The body's records, & Statistics' reports | Records & Statistics | Records & Statistics |
| Development initiatives | | Establish new commercial complexes & markets Vary the commercial stores Activate the role of the Chambers of Commerce | | |

| Development Theme | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| key strategic objective | Improve agriculture & livestock | | | | | |
| Intervention Area | Agricultural marketing Agricultural supervision programs Lands reclamation programs Provide water for agriculture Farmers' support | | | | | |
| Key results | Increase in the percentage of reclaimed lands Increase in the productivity of agricultural lands Lager/wider application of modern agricultural methods | | | | | |
| Indicators | Number of cattle | 103.,000 Number of sheep | Hens for meat production | Hens for egg production | Beehives | Area of the agricultural establishments |
| Current | 754 | 103.,000 | 300.,000 | 4.,000 | 23 | 45 |
| Target value | | | 900.,000 | 7.,000 | 500 | 82 |
| Source of Information | Directorate of 1.,000 Agriculture | Directorate of 150.,000 Agriculture | Directorate of 600.,000 Agriculture | Directorate of 7.,000 Agriculture | Directorate of 200 Agriculture | Agricultural Office & Statistics Center |
| Means of verifi- cation | Livestock | Livestock reports | Livestock reports | Livestock reports | Livestock reports | The Body's records & Statistics reports |
| Development initiatives | Provide improved breeds Vaccination & breeds' improvement centers Create forestry areas Improve veterinary eservices Support local products Establish local factories to manufacture dairy products Utilize the extra quantities of dairy products Increase the productivity of livestock Exploit agricultural lands Farmers' support programs Encourage agricultural projects Provide agricultural supervision Provide new water resources Treat & utilize waste water Provide seeds with improved breeds that resist drought Governmental initiatives | | | | | |

| Devel- opment Theme | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|
| Intervention key strategic Area objective | | | | Activate & improve tourism | | |
| Intervention Area | | | | Renovate old buildings Public awareness of the importance of preserving old buildings | | |
| Key results | | | | Appropriate infrastructure for internal & external tourism Citizens aware of the importance of tourism & preserving old buildings | | |
| Indicators | Percentage of the exploited agricultural lands to Yatta total area | Percentage of workers in agriculture to the total of workers | Percentage of agricultural contribution to the revenues of the complex | Number of the tourist establishments | Percentage of the annual city tourists | Percentage of income from tourism |
| Current | 42% | 3% | 2% | 30 | 1% | Less than 1% |
| Target value | %09 | 10% | 12% | 04 | 2% | %% |
| Source of Information | Directorate of Agriculture | Labor Office, Trade Union & Municipality | Agriculture Office & Statistics Center | Local Body- Planning Committee & Palestinian Statistics Center | Yatta Municipality | Yatta Municipality |
| Means of verifi- cation | Community survey reports | Records & statistics | Records & statistics | The Body's records & Statistics reports | Reports | Reports |
| Development initiatives | | | | Renovate ancient sites Increase awareness of the importance of preserving tourist sites Establish public parks & gardens Provide tourist services | | |

| Devel- opment Theme | | | Security & Public Safety | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| key strategic objective | Improve & develop industry | | Enhance security & safety capacities | |
| Intervention Area | Current workshops & industries Specified & organized industrial zone within the physical plan lnvestment laws & legislations | | Community awareness to decrease dangers & accidents Enforce law & order Apply public safety measures in houses, factories & workshops | |
| Key results | Establish an industrial zone Increase in the number of large industrial establishments Increase in the percentage of workers in the commercial establishments in the country | | Decrease the rate of attacking public properties Decrease in theft incidents Decrease in work accidents | |
| Indicators | Number of the industrial establishments | Percentage of the income from industry | Number of the tribal disputes | Percentage of annual attacks on properties that are registered as anonymous |
| Current value | 112 | 2% | ,10% ,200 | %0 * |
| Target value | 200 | , 10% | 5% | 2% |
| Source of Information | Municipality & Strategic Planning Committee | Municipality Yatta Chamber of Commerce, Industry & Agriculture | Police, reconciliation committees | Police |
| Means of verifi- cation | The body's records & Statistics reports | The chamber's records | Courts | Police & courts' records |
| Development initiatives | Promote investment in industry Vary industries Establish an organized industrial zone Improve the quality of local products Provide skilled workforces | | Enhance affiliation & protection of public properties Formulate & activate reconciliation committees Improve the effectiveness & efficiency of police & Civil Defense centers Adhere to public safety conditions | |

| Indicators Key results Intervention key strategic Devel-Area objective opment | age of wer s | Percentage of work accidents resulting in death |
|---|--|--|
| Current Ind | 60% Percentage of control over disasters | 10% Percenta accident |
| Target Cu | 100% 60 | . 1% 10 |
| Source of Information | Civil Defense & Disasters' Committee | Directorate of Labor & Civil Defense |
| Means of verifi- Source of cation | Civil Defense records | Directorate of Directora Labor & Civil Labor & Oefense records Defense |
| Development initiatives | | |